

HIGH TEMPERATURE WIRES AND CABLES FOR THE GENERAL MARKET SECTION I: CROSS LINKED ELASTOMERS

SILICABLE® 150 °C

Silicone insulation
with fibreglass braid
UL and cUL approval



SILICONE INSULATED AND/OR SHEATHED WIRES AND CABLES WITH REINFORCING BRAID



- 1 • Bare copper, tin-plated, nickel-plated or silver-plated core.
- 2 • Insulation: Silicone rubber.
- 3 • Reinforcement: Coated fibreglass braid.

Characteristics General

- Continuous operating temperatures: -60 °C to +150 °C.
- Good resistance to thermal shock and UV.

Electrical

- Rated voltage: as per style no.
- Test voltage: 10 x Rated voltage.

Standard products

- All colours including two-coloured.
- Stranding of conducting cores: contact us.

Approvals - standards

- UL approval as per standard UL 758 - File no.: E101965.
- cUL approval (CSA) as per standard C22.2 No. 210 - File no.: E101965 (IL84986).
- "Horizontal flame test" as per UL approval.
- "FT2 flame rating" as per cUL approval.
- Halogen-free: IEC 60754-1 / EN 60754-1.

Applications

- Cabling for household electrical heating appliances, rotating machines, lighting.
- Industrial cabling in hot atmospheres.

Options

- Fixture wires (Ref. SF-1 or SF-2 or SFF-1 or SFF-2): contact us.
- Other nominal cross-sections: contact us.
- Other style nos. available: style nos. 3100, 3101, 3113, 3127, 3128, 3207, 3208, 3210, 3278.
- Vertical flame test VW1: contact us.

Style no.		3068		3132		3069 (26-20 AWG)		3535	
Approval		150 °C – 300 V		150 °C – 300 V		150 °C – 600 V		150 °C – 600 V	
Nominal cross-section		Average thickness of insulation	Nominal diameter*	Average thickness of insulation	Nominal diameter*	Average thickness of insulation	Nominal diameter*	Average thickness of insulation	Nominal diameter*
AWG	(mm²)	(mm)	(mm)	(mm)	(mm)	(mm)	(mm)	(mm)	(mm)
26	0.13	0.38	1.5	0.38	1.5	0.76	2.3	-	-
24	0.22	0.38	1.7	0.38	1.7	0.76	2.4	-	-
22	0.34	0.38	1.9	0.38	1.9	0.76	2.7	-	-
-	0.5	0.38	2.0	0.38	2.0	0.76	2.8	-	-
20	0.6	0.38	2.1	0.38	2.1	0.76	2.9	0.76	2.9
-	0.75	0.38	2.2	0.38	2.2	-	-	0.76	3.0
18	0.93	0.38	2.3	0.38	2.3	0.76	3.1	0.76	3.1
-	1	0.38	2.4	0.38	2.4	0.76	3.2	0.76	3.2
16	1.34	0.38	2.6	0.38	2.6	0.76	3.6	0.76	3.6
-	1.5	0.38	2.7	0.38	2.7	0.76	3.7	0.76	3.7
14	-	-	-	0.38	3.0	0.76	4.0	0.76	4.0
-	2.5	-	-	0.38	3.1	0.76	4.1	0.76	4.1
12	-	-	-	0.38	3.7	0.76	4.5	0.76	4.5
-	4	-	-	0.38	3.9	0.76	4.7	0.76	4.7
10	-	-	-	0.38	4.3	-	-	1.14	5.8
-	6	-	-	0.38	4.4	-	-	1.14	6.0
8	-	-	-	0.38	5.1	-	-	1.14	6.6
-	10	-	-	0.38	5.7	-	-	1.14	7.7
6	-	-	-	0.38	6.4	-	-	1.52	8.9
-	16	-	-	0.38	6.8	-	-	1.52	9.5
4	-	-	-	0.38	7.8	-	-	1.52	10.7
-	25	-	-	0.38	8.3	-	-	1.52	11.1
2	35	-	-	0.38	9.4	-	-	1.52	11.9
1	-	-	-	0.38	10.6	-	-	2.03	14.4
-	50	-	-	0.38	11.0	-	-	2.03	15.1
1/0	-	-	-	0.38	11.7	-	-	2.03	15.6
2/0	70	-	-	0.38	12.8	-	-	2.03	16.5
3/0	-	-	-	0.38	14.4	-	-	2.03	18.2
-	95	-	-	0.38	14.6	-	-	2.03	18.4
4/0	-	-	-	0.38	16.1	-	-	2.41	20.5
-	120	-	-	0.38	16.4	-	-	2.41	20.9
250MCM	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.41	21.7
-	150	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.41	22.4
300MCM	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.41	23.6
350MCM	185	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.41	24.6
400MCM	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.41	25.6
-	240	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.41	26.9
500MCM	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.41	28.2
-	300	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
600MCM	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
700MCM	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
750MCM	400	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Conducting metal		BCDEFG		BCDEFG		BCDEFG		BCDF	

For this product, please contact:

OMERIN division principale

Zone Industrielle - F 63600 Ambert
Tel. +33 (0)4 73 82 50 00 - Fax +33 (0)4 73 82 50 10
omerin@omerin.com

Omerin division silişol

BP 87 - ZI du Devey - F 42000 Saint-Etienne
Tel. +33 (0)4 77 81 36 00 - Fax +33 (0)4 77 81 37 00
silişol@omerin.com

KEY

- Conducting metals
- B Tin-plated copper
- B* Tin-plated copper (ø > 0.38 mm)
- C Nickel-plated copper
- D Silver-plated copper
- E Nickel
- F Bare copper
- F* Bare copper (ø > 0.38 mm)
- G Nickel-plated copper 27 %

AWM I A Internal wiring, not subject to mechanical abuse
AWM I A/B Internal wiring
AWM II A/B External or Internal wiring

NS Not Specified
VNS Voltage Not Specified

■: UL approved nominal cross-sections only.

* The diameter is provided for information purposes as it may vary depending on the stranding of the core. Only the average thickness of insulation should be taken into account.